



Oxidation and Reduction Set 20: Oxidation and Reduction

1.

(a) MnO_4^- O.N (O) = $-2 \times 4 = -8$ leave -1 therefore	Mn = +7
(b) SnF_4 O.N. (F) = $-1 \times 4 = -4$ then	Sn = +4
(c) $\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}$ O.N. (O) = $-2 \times 7 = -14$ leave -2 therefore	Cr = +6
(d) CO_3^{2-} O.N. (O) = $-2 \times 3 = -6$ leave -2 therefore	C = +4
(e) Fe_2O_3 O.N. (O) = $-2 \times 3 = -6$ therefore	Fe = +3
(f) N_2O_4 O.N (O) = $-2 \times 4 = -8$ therefore	N = +4
(g) $\text{K}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_3$ O.N. (O) = $-2 \times 3 = -6$ and $\text{K} = 1 \times 2 = 2$ leave $-4/2 =$	S = +2

2.

Reduced (GER) Oxidising agent	Oxidised (LEO) Reducing agent
(a) Oxygen $0 \rightarrow -2$	Hydrogen $0 \rightarrow +1$
(b) Oxygen $0 \rightarrow -2$	Carbon $-4 \rightarrow +4$
(c) hydrogen ion $+1 \rightarrow 0$	tin metal $0 \rightarrow +2$
(d) chromium ion $+6 \rightarrow +3$	iodide ion $-1 \rightarrow 0$
(e) Oxygen $-1 \rightarrow -2$	tin(II) ion $+2 \rightarrow +4$
(f) iron(III) ion $+3 \rightarrow +2$	tin(II) ion $+2 \rightarrow +4$
(g) Manganese ion $+7 \rightarrow +2$	bromide ion $-1 \rightarrow 0$